

RESEAU Centre for Mobilizing Innovation

Pilot Evaluation of Alternative Drinking Water Treatment Options for GBID

Friday, September 18th



GBID's Project Mission & Vision

Mission

Our mission is to enhance the quality of life for our people by creating a healthy and self-sufficient community through:

- Pilot evaluation of alternative drinking water treatment options for GBID
- Being fiscally responsible and increasing our own source revenue
- Building community capacity
- Developing business opportunities that are built on traditional knowledge, community strengths and are based on the realities of the market

Vision

Sustainable Resource Management

- Healthy People
- Strong Culture
- Healthy Environment
- Successful Economy
- Strong Governance System



Project History

Jaycee Wright is a Master's student at UBC, working with RESEAU CMI

She joined this project in 2018 as an undergraduate student and is excited to continue working with the community of Gillies Bay!





Existing System - Insufficient

British Columbia Drinking Water Quality Objectives:

- 4-log (99.99%) inactivation of viruses
- 3-log (99.9%) inactivation of Giardia Lamblia and Cryptosporidium
- 2 treatment processes
- < 1 NTU turbidity, target of 0.1 NTU
- 0 total and fecal coliforms

Existing System:

- One treatment process: Chlorination
- Johnson screen at intake



Treatment Solution Options

GAC: Porous carbon that adsorbs DOC

BAC: Biological activity on GAC performs DOC removal

IEX: Chemical exchange resins remove DOC

BIEX: Biological activity on IEX resins is suspected to perform DOC removal



Pilot Project Phases





Phase One

- Delivery of mobile treatment laboratory to site
 - Water and electrical connection
- Wastewater tank installation
 and connection





Phase Two

- Startup and troubleshooting of system
- Startup of GAC and IEX
- On- and off-site water analysis





Phase Three (Current Phase)

- Transition to long-term, continuous operation
- GAC and IEX transition to BAC and BIEX
 - On- and off-site water analysis
- Site visits to provide maintenance and support





Piloting Objectives

Process options:

Granular activated carbon (GAC) Biological activated carbon (BAC) Ion exchange (IEX) Biological ion exchange (BIEX)

Assess performance of technologies

Optimize system for water conditions





Cranby Lake Surface Water Characteristics

- High organics content: 7.5 11.3 mg/L total organic carbon (TOC)
- Low chloride content: ~4.7 mg/L
- Low sulphate content: ~2.7 mg/L
- No fluoride, bromide, nitrite, nitrate, or phosphate





Natural Organic Matter (NOM)

- Measured as total organic carbon (TOC)
- React with chlorine to create toxic disinfection by-products (DBPs)
- NOM removal:

Consumes coagulant, food for microorganisms create biofilms

• GBID needs specialized technologies

Robust Reduced chemicals Low maintenance



Treatment Performance Assessment





Treatment Performance Assessment

IEX TOC removal: 78% down to 30% after 700 hours

BIEX TOC removal: 30% to 50% after 800 hours

GAC TOC removal: 78% down to 19% after 300 hours

BAC TOC removal:

19%

Parameter (Avg)	Raw Water	Treatment Option Effluent Values			
		IEX	BIEX	GAC	BAC
TOC (mg/L)	9.20	3.43	4.42	5.55	7.34
UVT (%)	66.5	92.1	88.7	83.3	71.4
Turbidity (NTU)	0.80	0.37	0.30	0.37	0.29



System Pressure Monitoring

- Indicates frequency of filter changes
- Currently changing cartridge filters every 10 days
- Examining increasing filter sizes to extend filter life and reduce consumables





Future Steps

- Continued analysis of treatment technology effectiveness
- Continued monitoring as water quality changes over the next 8 months
- Continued support
- Schedule regular meetings



Thank you for your support!

Special thanks to

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- Jaycee Wright
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- Maryam Dezfoolian
- Candace Cook

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Thank You!